

Who's watching your back?

Putting Security in Perspective for Virtualization

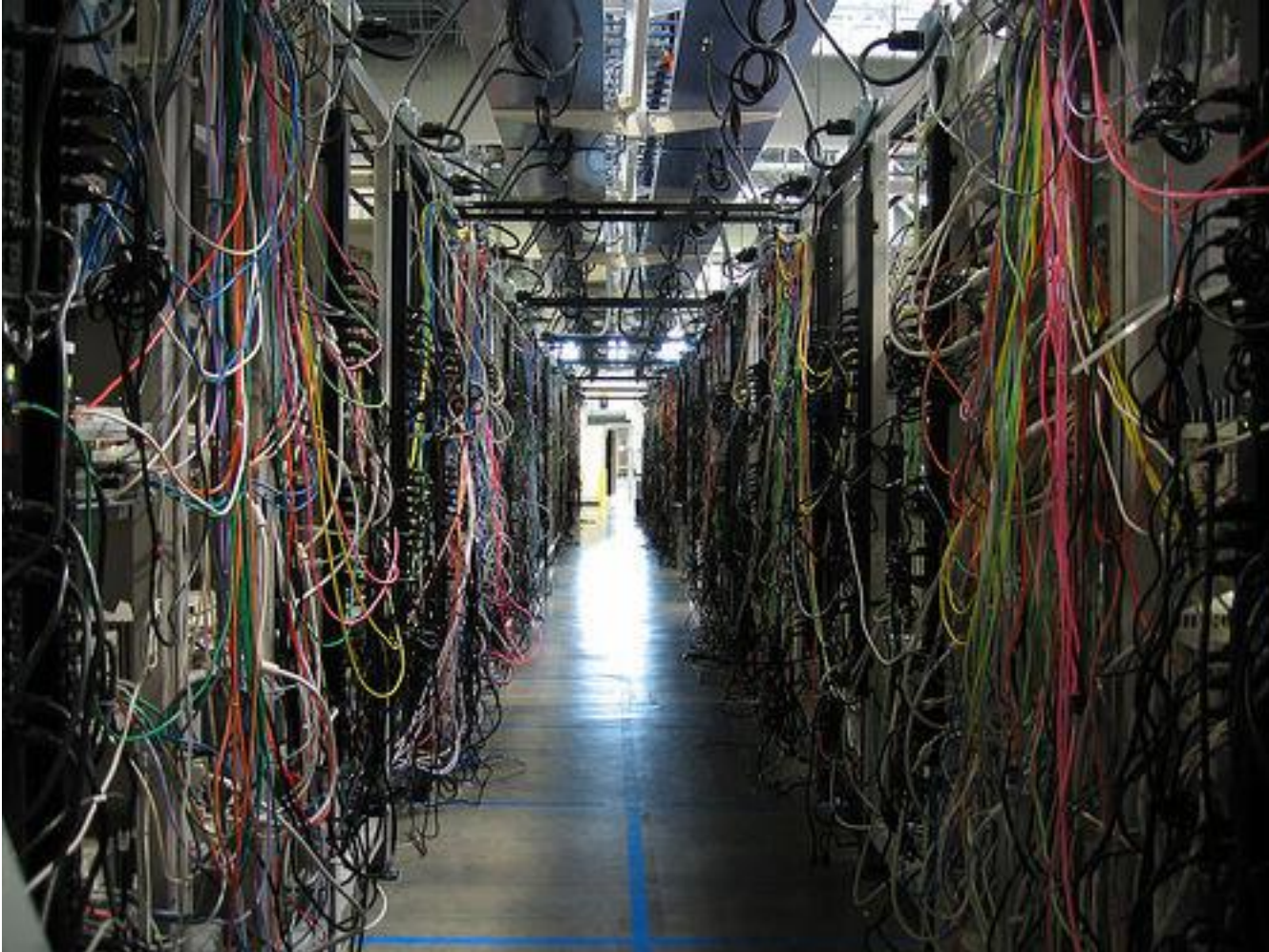
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February 6th, 2009

Today's Agenda

- ▶ Introduction
- ▶ Virtualization Myths
- ▶ Virtualization Technology
- ▶ Security in a Virtualized World
 - Goals
 - Risks
- ▶ Is the picture bleak?
- ▶ Building Security from the Start
 - People
 - Process
 - Technology
- ▶ Parting Thoughts



Why Virtualize?



Virtualization – More Than a Fad

According to Gartner, virtualization is one of the hottest topics in IT...

Yet...only one in eight enterprises have a formal security or information protection strategy for their virtual infrastructure (according to InfoWeek)

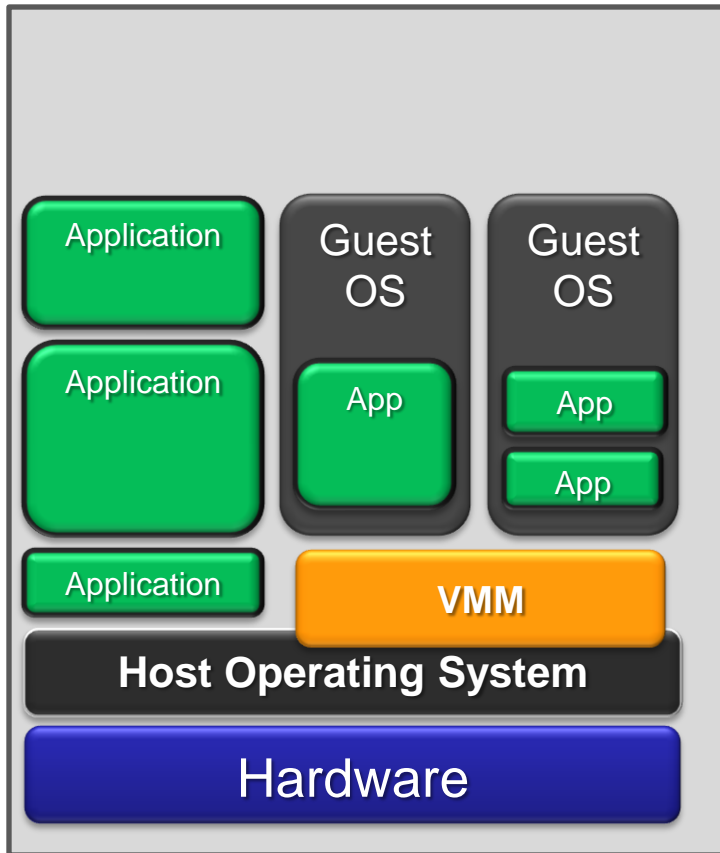
MYTHBUSTERS

- ▶ Only the Host needs to be patched
- ▶ The Host protects the VMs
- ▶ VMs are more/less secure
- ▶ Virtual Isolation can be bypassed by default
- ▶ There is no downtime in virtualized environment
- ▶ Administrator on Host can NOT compromise the VM

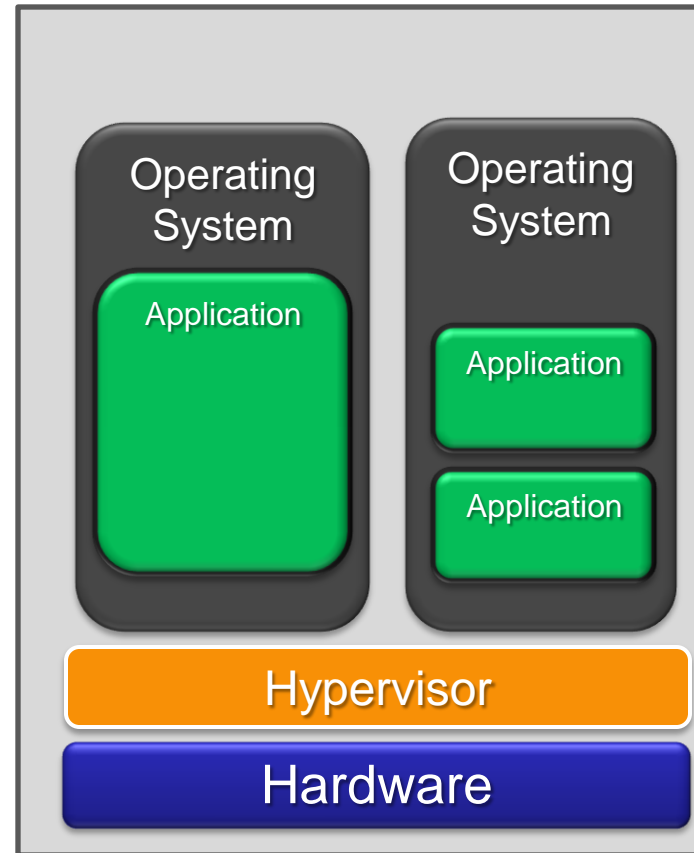


Virtualization Techniques

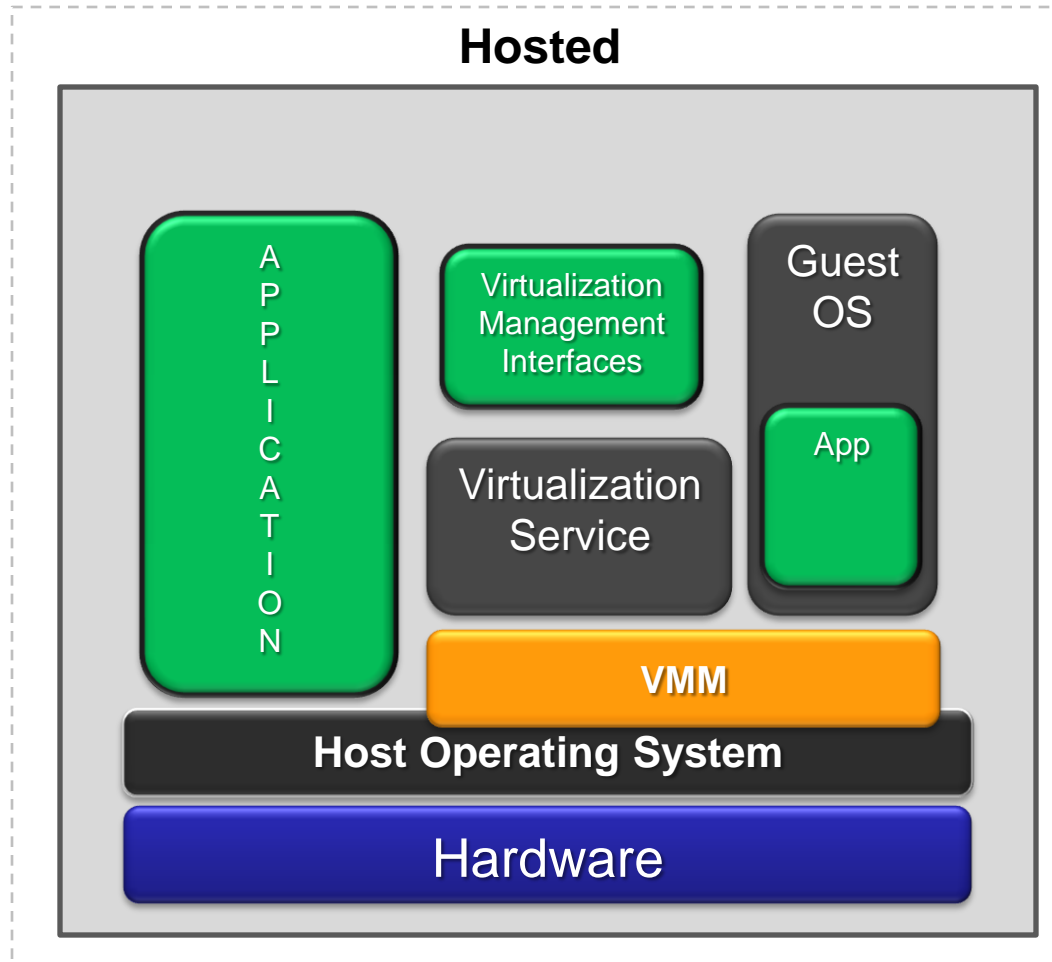
Hosted



Hypervisor

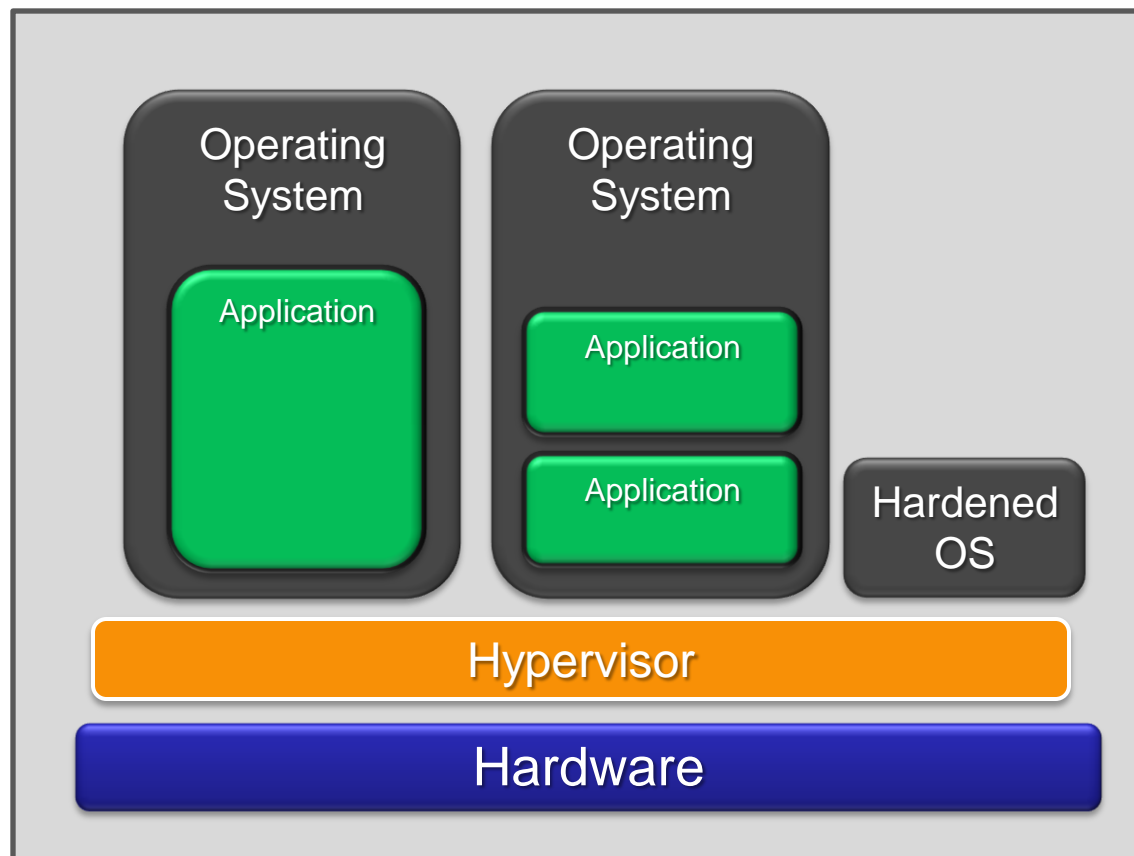


Hosted Architecture



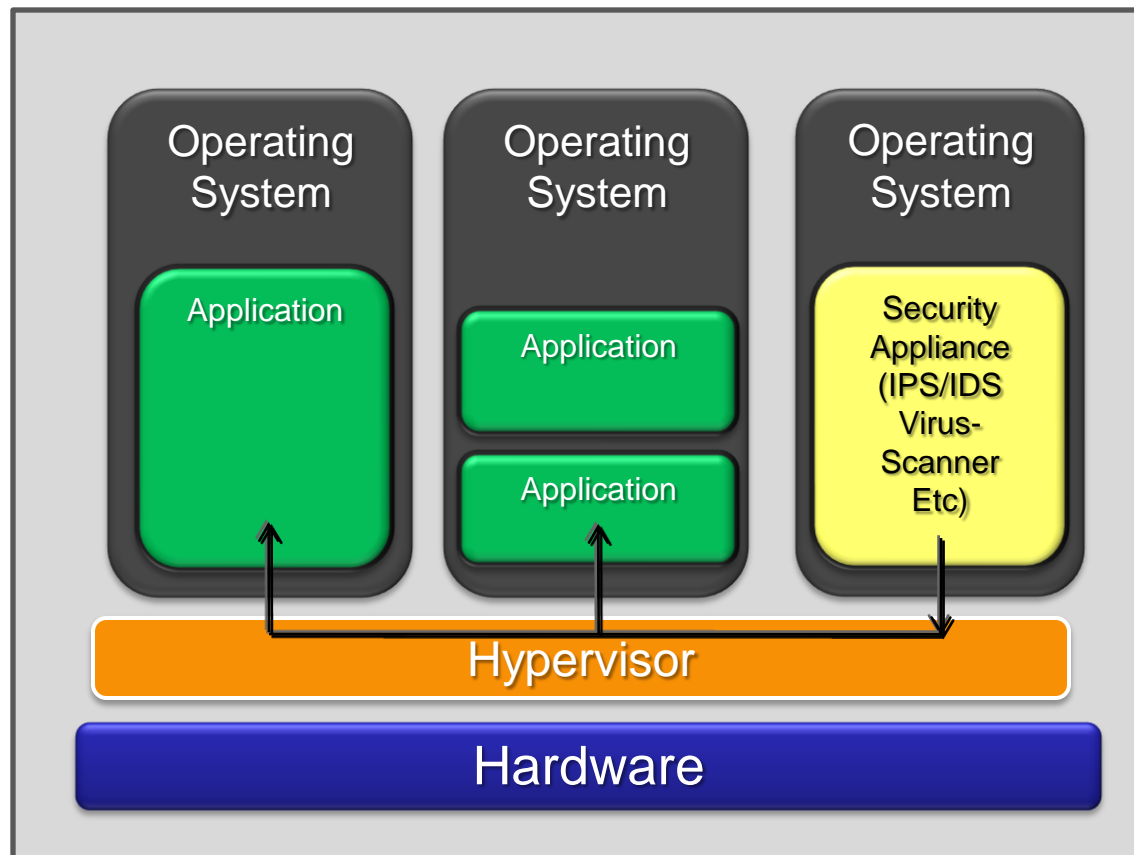
Hypervisor

Hypervisor



Virtual Appliances

Hypervisor



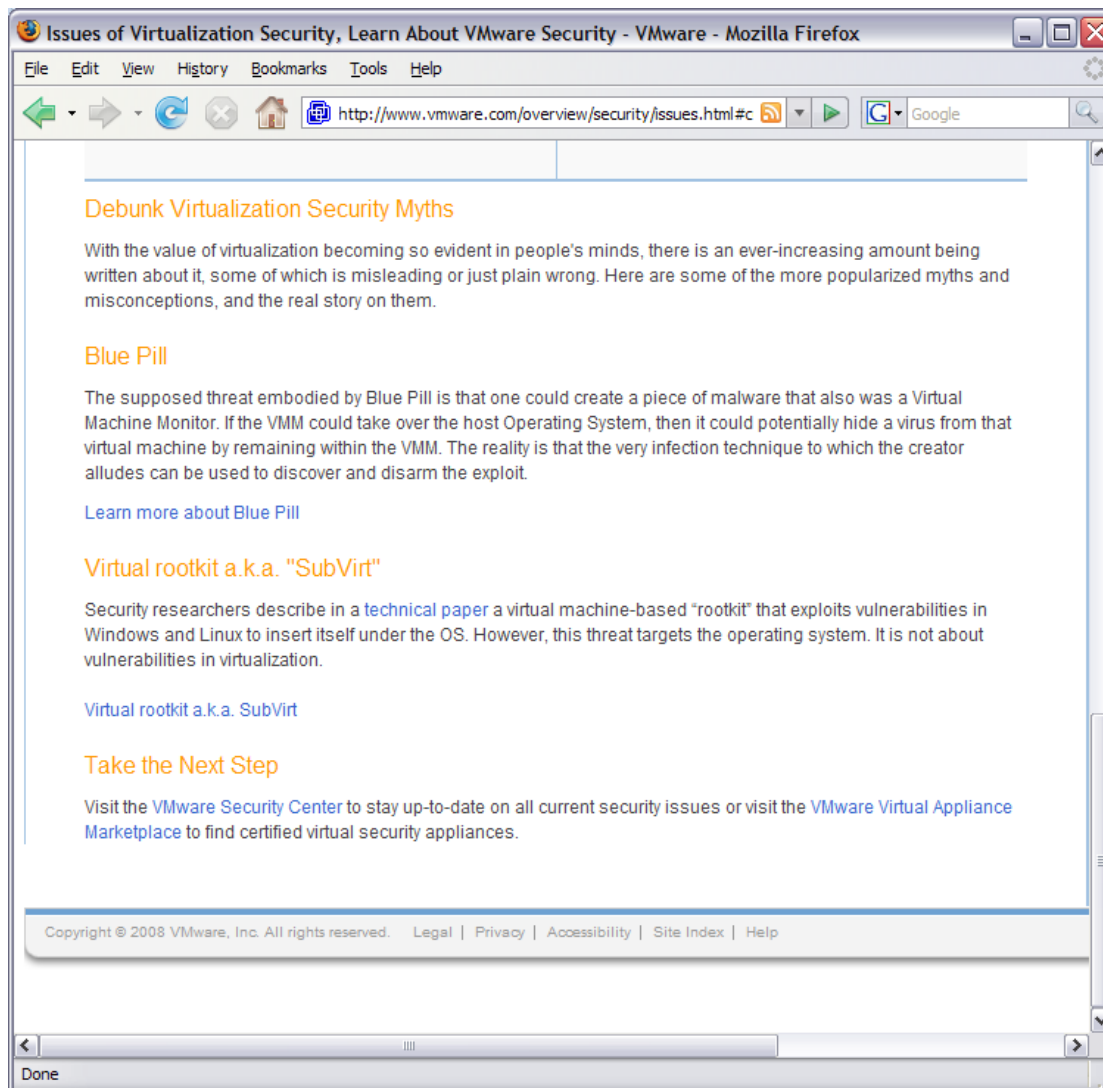
Virtualization Attacks

- ▶ **SubVirt** – *Samuel T. King, Peter M. Chen: Michigan U*
Kernel based Rootkit based on a commercial VMM, which creates and emulates virtual hardware.
- ▶ **BluePill** – *Joanna Rutkowska*
Moves the Host OS to a Virtual Machine
- ▶ **Vitriol** – *Dino Dai Zovi*
VM Rootkit targeting Mac OSX
- ▶ **Detecting a Virtual Environment**
RedPill / NoPill / scoopy_doo
- ▶ **Xensploit** – *VMotion tampering*



University of Michigan

Virtualization Myths



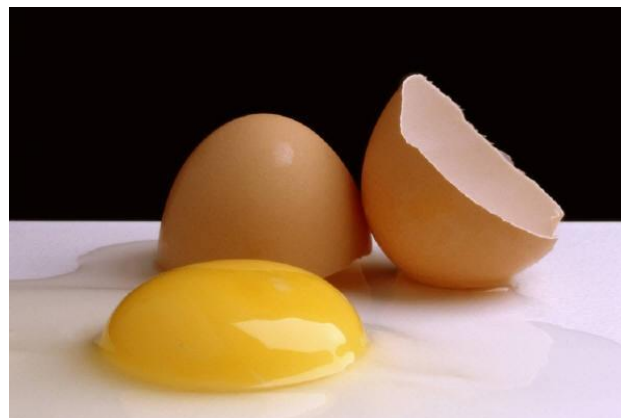
Security Goals



- ▶ Guest Isolation
- ▶ Resource Protection
- ▶ Data Communication
- ▶ Authorization Controls
- ▶ Emulate Physical World

Risks to Virtualization

- ▶ Shell Breakage
 - ▶ Guest to Host
 - ▶ Guest to Guest
 - ▶ Guest to .*
- ▶ Asset Tracking and Management
- ▶ Viruses / Worms
- ▶ Public Disclosures
- ▶ Configuration Gotchas
- ▶ Maintenance Nightmares



The Expanded Attack Surface

- ▶ Host OS
- ▶ Virtual Machine OS
- ▶ VM Hard Disk Storage
- ▶ VM Configuration Files
- ▶ Remote Management Interfaces
- ▶ Network Segments
- ▶ Asset Management
- ▶ Virtual Appliances



Host OS

- ▶ Harden the Host
 - MAC Settings
 - IP Filters
 - Promiscuous Mode
 - Shared Memory
 - Shared Folders
 - Drag and Drop
- ▶ Patch Regularly
- ▶ Control User Permissions



Virtual Machine OS



► Just like a Physical Server

- Patch
- Harden
- Secure – Anti-Virus, Backup, Firewall ...
- User Accounts

Virtualization Data Storage

- ▶ Access to VM files
 - File System for VM
 - Configuration Settings
- ▶ Network Storage Devices
 - Network based ACLs
 - Authentication on NAS/SAN
 - Authorization on NAS/SAN
 - Masking, Zoning



Remote Management Interface

- ▶ Tools used for Remote Management
 - Not all are equally secure
- ▶ Access to Tools and Management System
- ▶ User Permissions
- ▶ Auditing and Logging of User Operations
- ▶ Network Segmentation for Management
- ▶ Configuration of Management Tools
 - SSL
 - RDP

Network Segmentation

- ▶ Segment the Network
- ▶ Design VLANs
 - Management
 - Storage
 - Development / Test
 - Production
- ▶ IPSec
- ▶ Network Access Controls
 - IDS/IPS
 - Firewalls



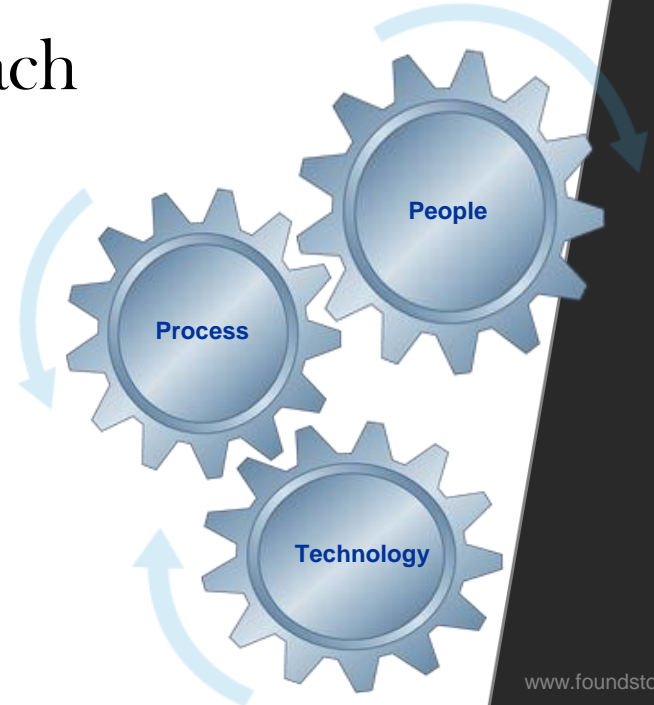
Virtual Appliances



- ▶ Watch out for VM based Solutions
- ▶ Will hold keys to the Kingdom
- ▶ Many will be Snake Oil – Beware!

Building in Security from the Start

- ▶ Important to fully assess your environment and plan virtualization and security together
- ▶ Approach needs to move from reactive to one of strategic planning and execution
- ▶ Classic risk management approach is best, focusing on:
 - People
 - Processes
 - Technology



People

- ▶ What is the level of expertise?
- ▶ Are they expected to be security experts?
- ▶ Information is available for FREE



Management Support

- ▶ Directives are NOT enough
- ▶ Need Dedicated Resources
- ▶ Need to Invest In Training
- ▶ Planning and Execution Requires Time



Process

- ▶ Risk Assessment & Treatment
- ▶ Asset Management
- ▶ Communication and Operations Management
 - System Hardening
 - Network Architecture Design
 - Performance Monitoring & Capacity Planning
 - Backup
 - Logging and Auditing
- ▶ Incident Management / Response
- ▶ Compliance
 - SOX
 - PCI



Compliance

► SOX

- Standardize server configuration

► PCI

- Firewalls
- Anti-Virus
- Patching
- Restrict access
- Logging and Auditing



Technology



Technology..

- ▶ Anti-Virus
- ▶ Host based IDS / IPS
- ▶ File integrity checkers
 - Tripwire for ESX Server
- ▶ Virtual Appliances



Final Thoughts ...

“The most dangerous risks are the ones that are never considered, or considered too late. Executives need to look to the future. IT risk management is working the way it should when it is simply part of the way the company does business.”

*- Richard Hunter
group vice president and Gartner fellow*

More Information on Virtualization

- ▶ www.foundstone.com/virtualization
- ▶ Compliance - <http://www.vmware.com/technology/security/compliance/resources.html>
- ▶ Download our Risk and Virtualization white paper at www.foundstone.com/wp
- ▶ Questions? consulting@foundstone.com

Thank you!